HEALTH CHECK: PREVENTIVE GUIDELINES FOR CHILDREN

Babies (Up to 1 Year Old)



Remember to schedule well visits at **2 weeks**, **2** months, **4** months, **6** months, **9** months and **12** months.

Watch baby grow...check height, weight and developmental changes at each visit

Is baby hearing ok? Ask for your newborn screening results

Check blood lead levels to prevent poor brain development associated with high lead levels

Prevent your baby from getting a harmful infection...always get his shots. Talk to your doctor about any concerns.

Is baby eating right? Discuss what baby should be eating at the well visits.

Safety is a must. Prevent injury to your baby by always using a car seat.

Put baby on his back to sleep and reduce his risk of SIDS

Accidents can happen in a second. Never leave your child alone in the bathtub or on the changing table.

The Next Ten Years (1-10)



Your child is growing...monitor her weight, height and development at each well visit.

Is your child seeing and hearing properly? Your doctor will check her eyes and hearing but let him know if you have concerns.

Check blood lead levels to prevent poor brain development associated with high lead levels.

Prevent your child from getting a harmful infection...always get his shots. Talk to your doctor about any concerns.

Is your child **eating the right foods? Getting enough exercise?** Talk to your PCP about obesity prevention.

Taking care of your child's teeth is important for his future health. **Visit your dentist every year** for your child's dental care.

Safety is a must. Prevent injury to your child by always using a safety seat or seat belts (for older children).

Preteens And Teens (11-19)



Concerned about your teens activities?

Sticky topics such as sexual activity, tobacco, drug and alcohol use can be discussed with your teen and PCP at the well visit

Is your teen seeing and hearing properly? Your doctor will check her eyes and hearing but let him know if you have concerns.

Sexually active teens should be **screened for sexually transmitted infections** such as gonorrhea and HIV.

Is your teenage daughter menstruating? Check her **blood** count to rule out anemia.

Is your teen eating the right foods? Getting enough exercise? Talk to your PCP about obesity prevention.

HPV vaccine is now offered to all adolescents to **prevent genital warts and cervical cancer.** Talk to your doctor about this and other vaccines as needed.

Safety is a must. Remind your teen to prevent injury by always using seat belts or helmets.

This information does not replace the advice of a doctor. HCDI disclaims any liability for your use of this information. Guidelines adapted from Bright Futures Program of The National Center for Education in Maternal and Child Health